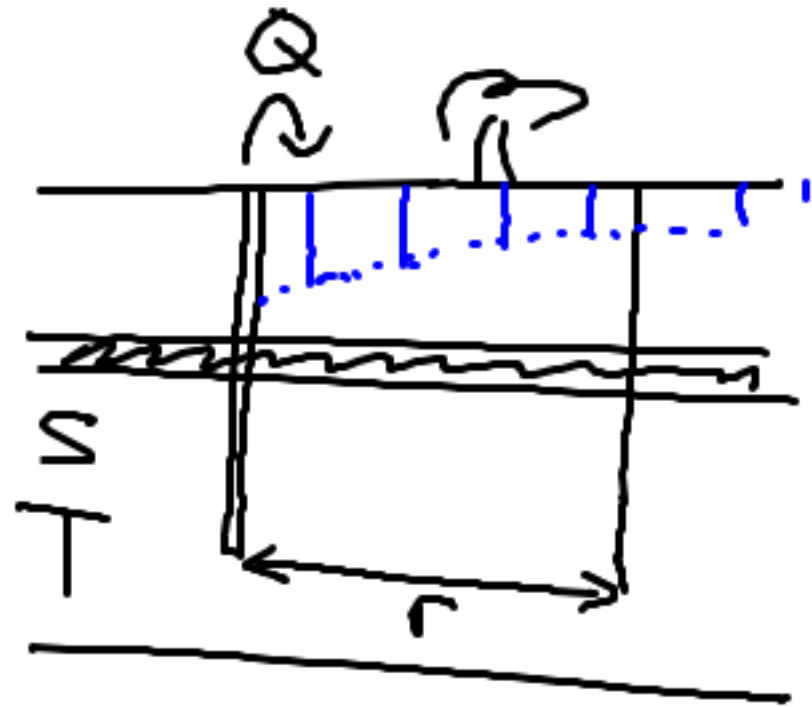


Completely Confined Aquifer

Theis Equation

$$u = \frac{r^2 S}{4 \cdot T \cdot t_{\text{days}}}$$



$W(u)$ = well function

$$\text{Drawdown } h_0 - h = \frac{Q}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot T} \cdot W(u)$$

Leaky Confined Aquifer

Hantush - Jacob

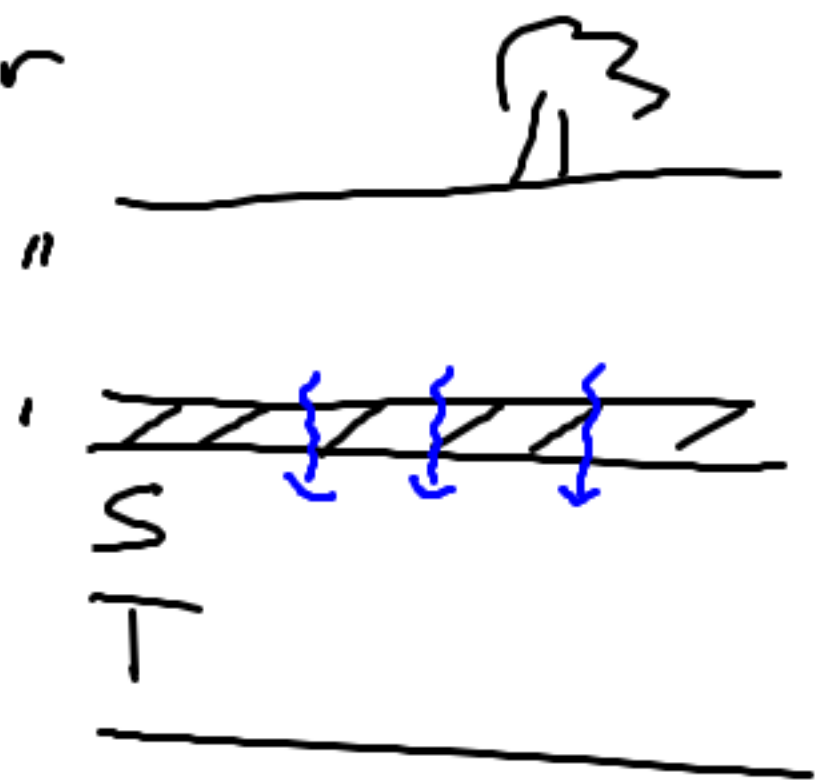
$$u = \frac{r^2 \cdot S}{4 \cdot T \cdot t}$$

$$B = \left(\frac{Tb'}{K'} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

leakage
Factor

↑
thickness
of confining
unit

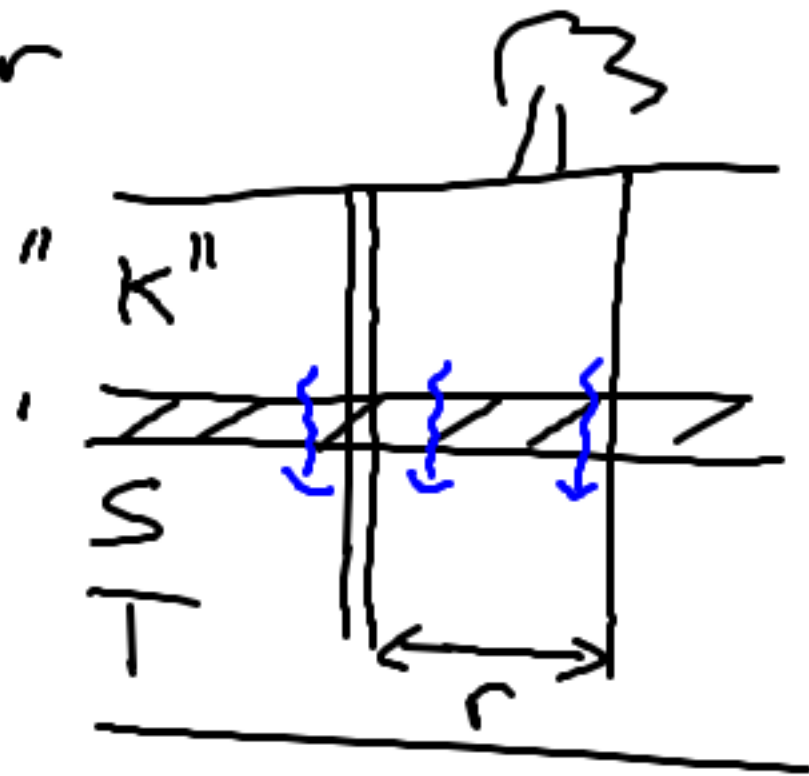
↑
Hydraulic
conductivity
of C.U.



Leaky Confined Aquifer

Hantush - Jacob

$$h_0 - h = \frac{Q}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot T} W(u, \frac{r}{B})$$



Testing assumptions \Rightarrow water table in source bed does not fall

$$b' \cdot k'' > 100 \cdot b \cdot k$$

Unconfined Aquifer
Neuman Solution

$$S = S_y + S_s$$

$$h_0 - h = \frac{Q}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot T} w(u_a, u_b, \Gamma)$$

$$u_a = \frac{r^2 \cdot S_s}{4 \cdot T \cdot t}$$

$$\Gamma = \frac{r^2 \cdot K}{b^2 \cdot K_h}$$

$$u_b = \frac{r^2 \cdot S_y}{4 \cdot T \cdot t}$$

Fully Confined
This Equation

$$h_0 - h = \frac{Q}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot T} \cdot w(u)$$

$$u = \frac{r^2 \cdot S}{4 \cdot T \cdot t}$$

$$T = \frac{Q}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot (h_0 - h)} \cdot w(u)$$

$$S = \frac{4 \cdot T \cdot u \cdot t}{r^2}$$

$w(u)$
 $h_0 - h$
 u
 t

Need